Aims and objectives of this session
To date, radical surgery represents the only potentially curable therapeutic intervention for patients with urothelial carcinoma of the upper tract (UTUC). Although the role of lymphadenectomy in these tumors has not yet been clarified, recent evidence has shown that in patients with locally advanced tumors, it improves staging and consequently could help in selecting patients for adjuvant chemotherapy. UTUC and bladder carcinomas, are considered to be relatively chemosensitive. In fact, most of the data regarding the clinical efficacy of chemotherapy in the neoadjuvant and adjuvant settings are based on outcomes from the treatment of bladder UC. Contrary to what has been demonstrated for bladder cancer, there have been no convincing reported effects of neoadjuvant chemotherapy for UTUCs. Adjuvant chemotherapy achieves a remission rate of up to 50% but has minimal impact on survival. Systemic recurrences are common in this disease, however, and it is therefore reasonable to consider perioperative chemotherapy in an effort to decrease a patient’s risk of recurrence. The aim of this session is to discuss modern outcomes after radical nephroureterectomy and perioperative chemotherapy.

Poster viewing of 20 minutes. Presentations will take place on stage. Standard presentations are 2 minutes in length, followed by 2 minutes for discussion. Extended presentations (*) are 3 minutes in length, followed by 3 minutes for discussion.

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Effectiveness of adjuvant chemotherapy after radical nephroureterectomy for locally advanced and/or positive regional lymph node upper tract urothelial carcinoma
By: Seisen T.¹, Krasnow R.², Bellmunt J.², Rouprêt M.², Leow J.¹, Lipsitz S.¹, Vetterlein M.³, Preston M.¹, Hanna N.¹, Kibel A.¹, Sun M.¹, Choueiri T.², Trinh Q-D.¹, Chang S.L.¹
Institutes: Brigham and Women Hospital, Dept. of Urology, Boston, United States of America,² Dana Farber Cancer Institute, Dept. of Genito Urinary Medical Oncology, Boston, United States of America,³Hôpitaux Universitaires La Pitié-Salpêtrière, Dept. of Urology, Paris, France

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Integrated comprehensive genomic characterization of upper tract urothelial carcinoma (UTUC)
By: Moss T.³, Qi Y.³, Xi L.², Peng B.³, Mosqueda M.⁵, Guo C.⁶, Ittman M.⁴, Wheeler D.², Matin S.⁷, Lerner S.¹
Institutes: Baylor College of Medicine, Scott Dept. of Urology, Houston, United States of America,²Baylor College of Medicine, Human Genome Sequencing Center, Houston, United States of America,³MD Anderson Cancer Center, Dept. of Bioinformatics and Computational Biology, Houston, United States of America,⁴Baylor College of Medicine, Dept. of Pathology, Houston, United States of America,⁵MD Anderson Cancer Center, Institute for Personalized Cancer Therapy, Houston, United States of America,⁶MD Anderson Cancer Center, Dept. of Pathology, Houston, United States of America,⁷MD Anderson Cancer Center, Dept. of Urology, Houston, United States of America

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Perioperative chemotherapy does not improve disease free survival in upper tract urothelial carcinoma: A population based analysis
By: Goldberg H., Klaassen Z., Chandrasekar T., Hamilton R., Kulkarni G., Fleshner N.
Institutes: Princess Margaret Hospital, Division of Urology, Department of Surgical Oncology, Toronto, Canada
Association of PD-L1 expression with cancer-specific survival in upper tract urothelial carcinoma
Institutes: 1Peking University First Hospital, Dept. of Urology, Beijing, China, 2Peking University First Hospital, Dept. of Geriatrics, Beijing, China, 3Peking University First Hospital, Dept. of Pathology, Beijing, China

Comparing oncological outcomes of laparoscopic versus open nephroureterectomy for the treatment of upper tract urothelial carcinoma: A propensity match analysis
Institutes: 1Medical University of Vienna, Dept. of Urology, Vienna, Austria, 2Pitié-Salpêtrière, Assistance-Publique Hôpitaux De Paris, Dept. of Urology, Paris, France, 3Hôpital Privé De La Louvière, Générale De Santé, Dept. of Urology, Lille, France, 4Hopital Mondor, Dept. of Urology, Creteil, France, 5CHU Rennes, Dept. of Urology, Rennes, France, 6Technische Universität Dresden, Dept. of Urology, Dresden, Germany, 7Jagiellonian University, Dept. of Urology, Krakow, Germany, 8Urological Research Institute, Vita-Salute University, San Raffaele Scientific, Dept. of Urology, Milan, Italy, 9Urological Research Institute, Vita-Salute University, San Raffaele Scientific, Dept. of Urology, Milan, Italy, 10Regina Elena National Cancer Institute, Dept. of Urology, Rome, Italy, 11Kitasato University School of Medicine, Dept. of Urology, Kanagawa, Japan, 12University of Montreal, Dept. of Urology, Montreal, Canada

Prognostic impact of primary tumor location in advanced urothelial tract cancer (UCC); a pooled analysis of EORTC 30924, 30986, and 30987 trials
By: Moschini M., Shariat S., Roupret M., De Santis M., Bellmunt J., Sternberg C., Tombal B., Collette L.
Institutes: 1Cliniques Universitaires Saint-Luc, Dept. of Urology, Brussels, Belgium, 2Vita Salute San Raffaele, Dept. of Urology, Milan, Italy, 3Medical University Vienna, Dept. of Urology, Vienna, Austria, 4Hôpital Pitié-Salpêtrière, Dept. of Urology, Paris, France, 5University of Warwick, Cancer Research Center, Coventry, United Kingdom, 6Dana–Farber Cancer Institute, Dept. of Medical Oncology, Havard, United States of America, 7San Camillo and Forlanini Hospitals, Dept.of Medical Oncology, Rome, Italy, 8EORTC, Dept. of Statistics, Brussels, Belgium

Trends of lymphadenectomy in upper tract urothelial carcinoma patients treated with radical nephroureterectomy: The impact of surgical technique
Institutes: 1Medical University of Vienna, Dept. of Urology, Vienna, Austria, 2Pitié-Salpêtrière, Assistance-Publique Hôpitaux, Dept. of Urology, Paris, France, 3Hospital Mondor, Dept. of Urology, Creteil, France, 4CHU Rennes, Dept. of Urology, Rennes, France, 5Technische Universität Dresden, Dept. of Urology, Dresden, Germany, 6Jagiellonian University, Dept. of Urology, Krakow, Poland, 7Vita-Salute University, San Raffaele Scientific, Dept. of Urology, Milan, Italy, 8Regina Elena National Cancer Institute, Dept. of Urology, Rome, Italy, 9Kitasato University School of Medicine, Dept. of Urology, Kanagawa, Japan, 10University of Montreal, Dept. of Urology, Montreal, Canada

Clinical benefit of platinum-based neoadjuvant chemotherapy for locally advanced upper tract urothelial carcinoma
Institutes: 1Hirosaki University Graduate School of Medicine, Dept. of Urology, Hirosaki, Japan

Significance of butyrylcholinesterase before chemotherapy as an independent predictor of overall survival in patients with advanced upper-tract urothelial cancer
By: Yoneyama T., Oikawa M., Hagiwara K., Toshikazu T., Narita T., Imanishi K., Yoneyama T., Mori
1000 retroperitoneoscopic procedures of the upper urinary tract: Analysis of complications
Institutes: CHU Henri Mondor, Dept. of Urology, Créteil, France

Comparative effectiveness of different surgical approaches for nephro-uretrectomy for the treatment of upper tract urothelial carcinoma
By: Hanna N., Ingham M., Seisen T., Chang S.
Institutes: Brigham and Women's Hospital, Harvard Medical School, Dept. of Urology, Boston, Canada

Ability of early ureteral ligation to prevent intravesical recurrence after radical nephroureterectomy for upper urinary tract urothelial carcinoma: A prospective single-arm multicenter clinical trial
Institutes: ¹Tohoku University Graduate School Of Medicine, Dept. of Urology, Sendai, Japan, 2 Japan Community Health Care Organization Sendai Hospital, Dept. of Urology, Sendai, Japan, ³Sendai City Hospital, Dept. of Urology, Sendai, Japan, ⁴Osaki Citizen Hospital, Dept. of Urology, Osaki, Japan, ⁵Yamagata Prefectural Central Hospital, Dept. of Urology, Yamagata, Japan, ⁶Kesennuma City Hospital, Dept. of Urology, Kesennuma, Japan, ⁷Miyagi Cancer Center, Dept. of Urology, Natori, Japan, ⁸Hachinohe City Hospital, Dept. of Urology, Hachinohe, Japan, ⁹Tohoku Rosai Hospital, Dept. of Urology, Sendai, Japan, ¹⁰Sendai Medical Center, Dept. of Urology, Sendai, Japan, ¹¹Senenrifu Hospital, Dept. of Urology, Rifu, Japan, ¹²Ogachi Central Hospital, Dept. of Urology, Yuzawa, Japan, ¹³Japanese Red Cross Sendai Hospital, Dept. of Urology, Sendai, Japan, ¹⁴Shirakawa Kosei General Hospital, Dept. of Urology, Shirakawa, Japan, ¹⁵Iwate Prefectural Iwai Hospital, Dept. of Urology, Ichinoseki, Japan

Robotic radical nephroureterectomy is associated with poorer oncological outcomes than open and laparoscopic radical nephroureterectomy
By: Peyronnet B.¹, Brichart N.², Bruyere F.³, Seisen T.⁴, Alimi Q.¹, Vanalderwerelt V.³, Rammal A.², Mathieu R.¹, Tondut L.¹, Pradere B.³, Colin P.⁵, Verhoest G.¹, Roupret M.⁶, Bensalah K.¹
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