ESU Course 27

Evaluation of risk in comorbidity in onco-urology

Aims and objectives of this session
Senior adults represent a growing population with specific problems. Individual life expectancy is a key decision driver . . . provided it is approachable.
The key points to be covered are the following
• Age by itself is usually irrelevant, unlike comorbidities
• Survival predictive factor exist, combined in practical tools
• Reliable screening tools for geriatrician referral exist
• A multidisciplinary program with geriatricians is key

12:00 - 14:00
Introduction: Who we are, objectives
N. Mottet, Saint-Étienne (FR)

12:00 - 14:00
Senior adults: A growing population
S. O’Hanlon

12:00 - 14:00
Senior adults are undertreated
N. Mottet, Saint-Étienne (FR)

12:00 - 14:00
Age is not a key factor regarding major surgery (muscle-invasive bladder experience)
N. Mottet, Saint-Étienne (FR)

12:00 - 14:00
Clinical cases (to set the scene): Evaluation of comorbidities in practice / individual life expectancy
N. Mottet, Saint-Étienne (FR)
S. O’Hanlon

12:00 - 14:00
How to evaluate individual life expectancy in practice
S. O’Hanlon

12:00 - 14:00
How to evaluate individual comorbidities in practice
S. O’Hanlon

12:00 - 14:00
An example of the added value of a dedicated program and its prerequisites / what to do in real life
S. O’Hanlon

12:00 - 14:00
Conclusion
N. Mottet, Saint-Étienne (FR)